







Culture is King

Diagnosing and Addressing Organizational Culture for Change and Implementation

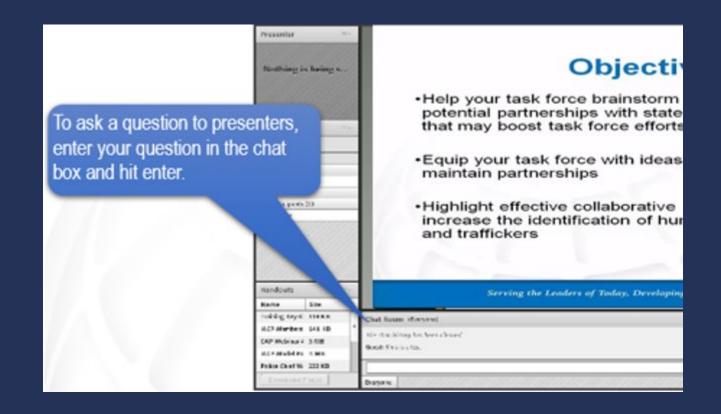
The IDEATE Framework

Glenn A. Tapia

Director of Leadership & Organizational Intelligence



Webinar Tips





Webinar Tips (continued)

- For technical support, send a chat message to "Tech Support."
- For the best quality, close other browser windows and tabs during the webinar.
- If you click on the icon of the speaker at the top of the screen, you can adjust your speaker volume.
- This webinar is being recorded. A link will be emailed to you following weeks.
- At the end of the webinar, there will be an opportunity to evaluate the presentation by answering the poll questions.



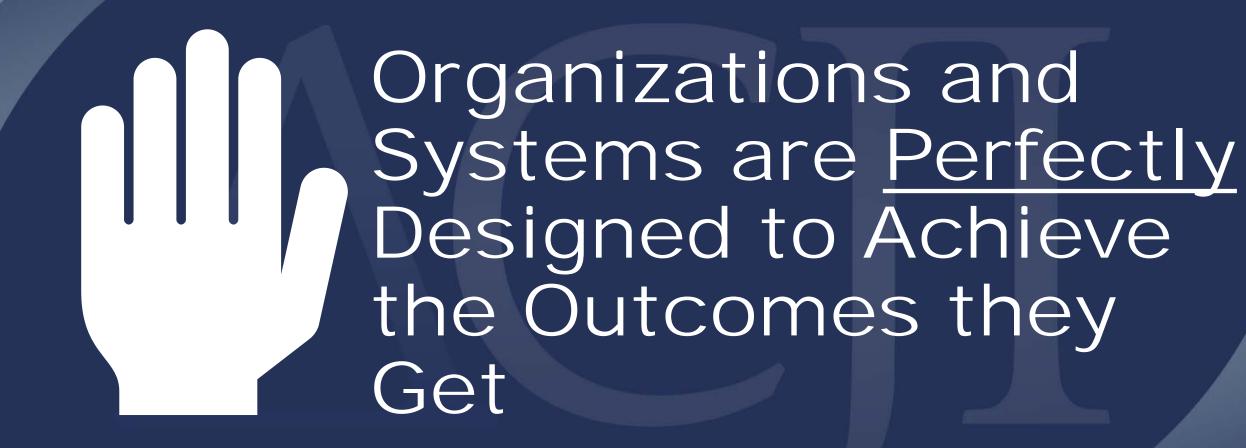
POLL QUESTION 1

Did you get to see the other video presentations called *You Can't Read the Label from Inside the Jar* and also *The Leadership Imperative:* 10 Essential Principles of Implementation Leadership

- Not yet
- I saw one but not the other
- I saw some of both but not all
- Yes, I watched both completely

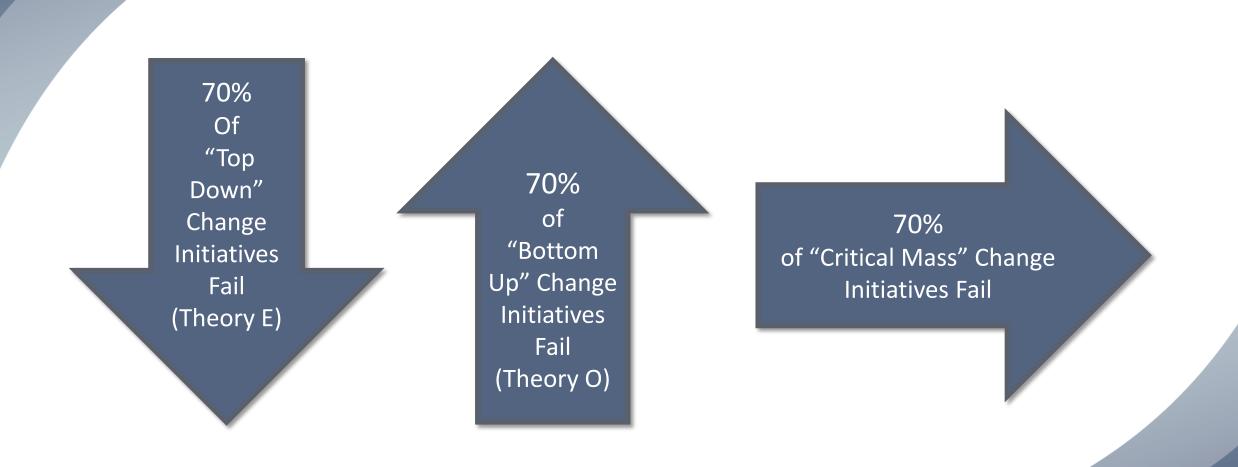








What Does Harvard Know?





Criminal Justice System Gaps Leading to Ineffective Outcomes

Science to Service Gap

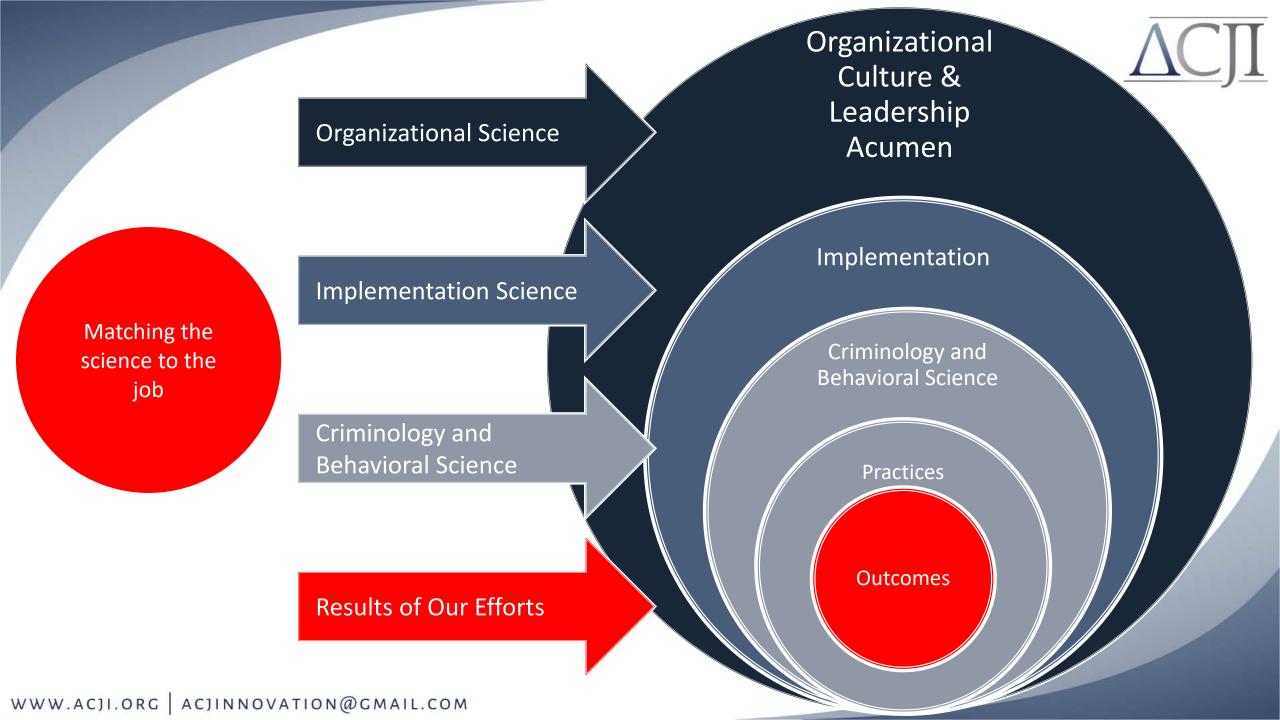
• What is known to be effective through research is not adopted by the organization

Implementation Gap

- **QUALITY**: What is adopted by the organization is not used with fidelity (as it was designed to be used) to produce outcomes
- TIME: What is used with fidelity is not sustained for a useful period of time
- **DENSITY**: What is used with fidelity is not used on a scale sufficient to make an impact

Leadership and Culture Gap

- Traditional leadership strategies are insufficient to apply implementation science to realworld settings
- Organizational and system cultural traits are not hospitable to sustained innovation





10 Essential Principles of Implementation Leadership



The 10 Essential Principles











01 TRUST THE VISION

02 MURPHY HATES US

COMFORTABLE

BEING
UNCOMFORTABLE

04 ADAPT OR DIE

FAIL FORWARD FAIL OFTEN











06 CULTURE IS KING

107 LEAD THE HEARTS LEAD THE MINDS

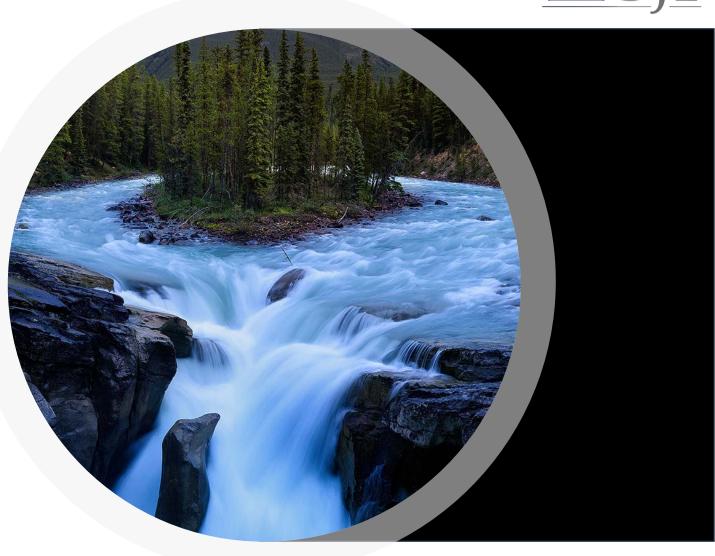
O SINTENTIONALLY INFINITE

09 TAKE
THE
LEAP

10 SAVOR THE JOURNEY









If you neglect to diagnose and fully understand your organizational culture, you will become its victim.

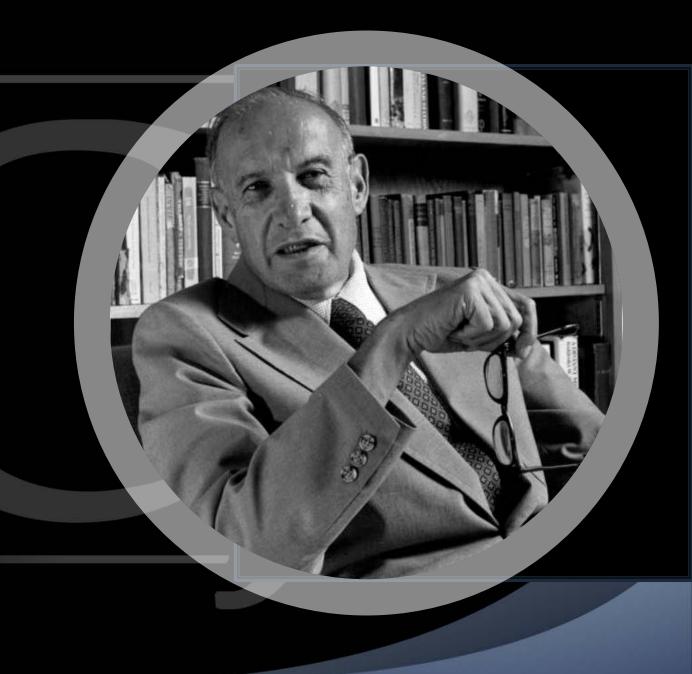
All implementation and all strategy are downstream from culture.



Culture is King



PETER DRUCKER Culture eats strategy for breakfast



WARD GOODENOUGH CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGIST, 1957

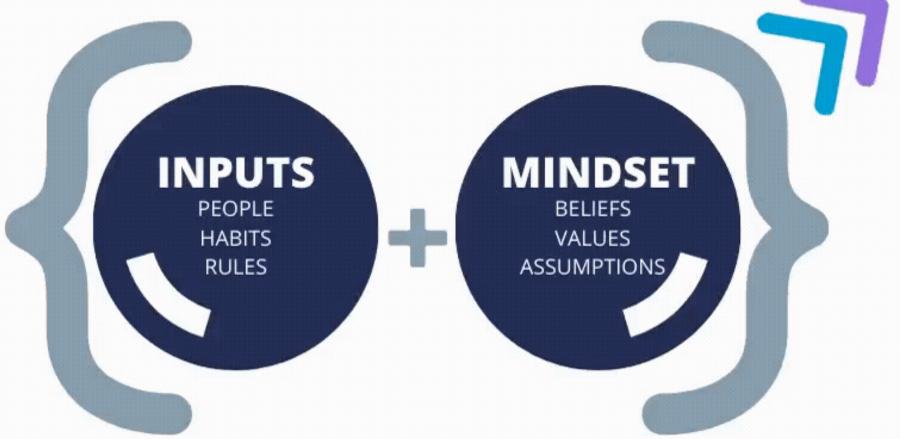
"...culture consists of whatever it is one has to know or believe in order to operate in a manner acceptable to its members....

Culture Is not a material phenomenon; it does not consist of things, people, behavior, or emotions. It is rather an organization of these things. It is the forms of things that people have in mind, their models for perceiving, relating, and otherwise interpreting them"



ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE AS AN EQUATION







YET ANOTHER OLD GUY
ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE CULTUR

The underlying eco-system of beliefs, thoughts, attitudes, perceptions, behaviors, traditions, and habits of the collective sum of people in an organization.

It is omnipresent, but is impalpable and invisible and thus, often neglected in organizational change efforts.

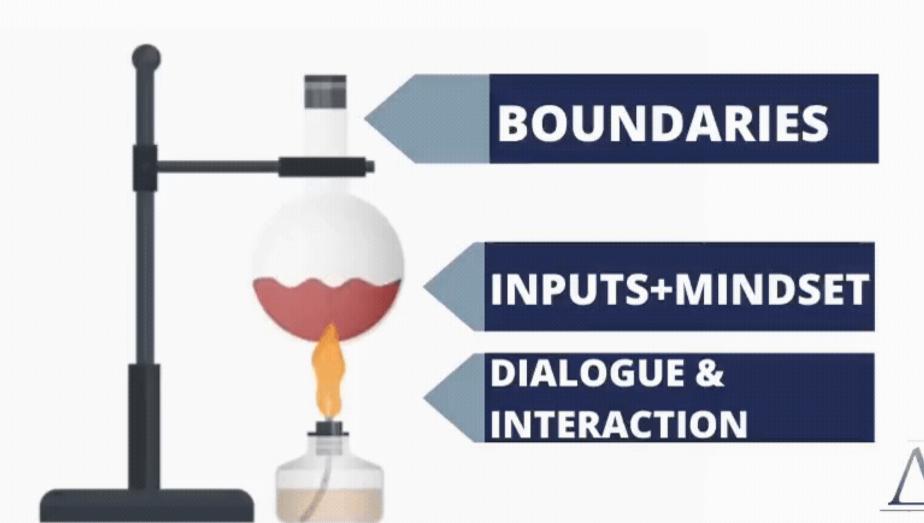
In the public sector, and especially in criminal justice, it is more powerful than any budget, any leader, any policy, any strategy, any set of politics, and any law.

That includes criminology...

That includes implementation science...



ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE CHANGE AS CHEMISTRY



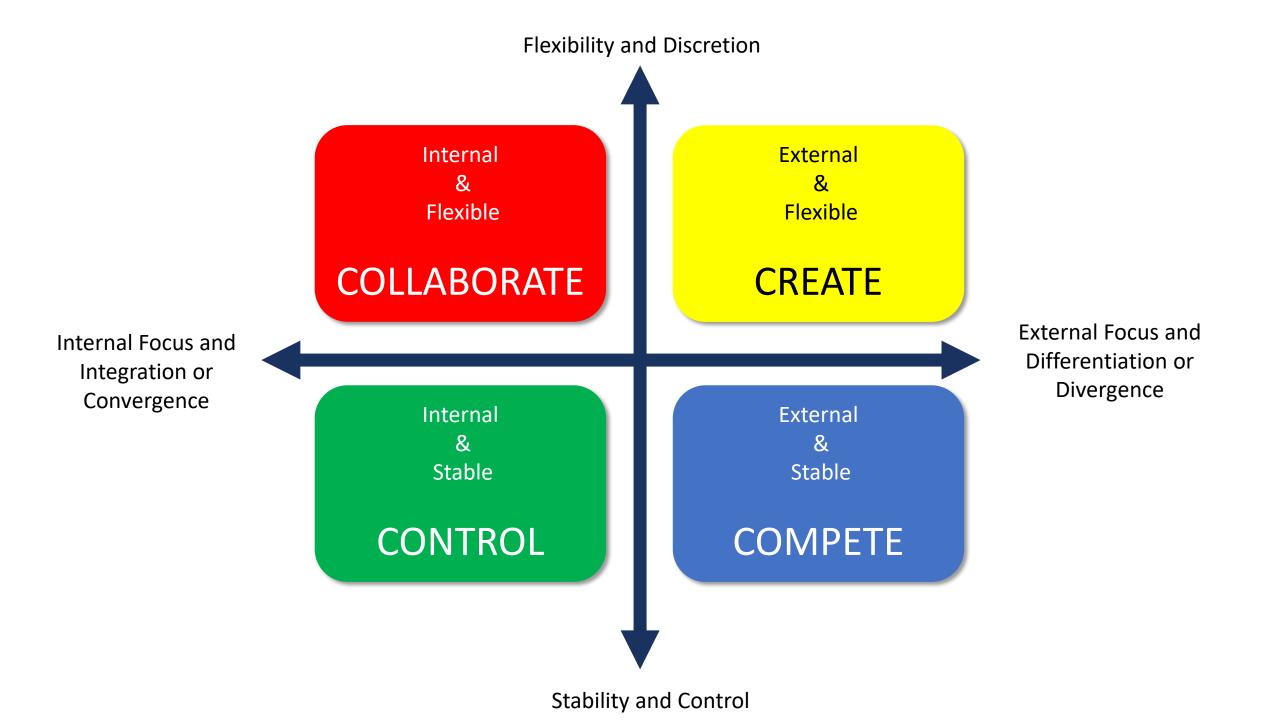


Organizational Culture & the Competing Values Framework

Flexibility and Discretion





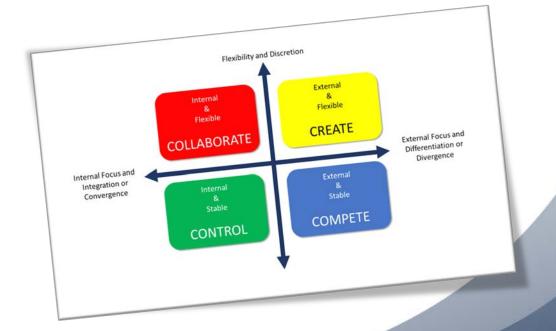




POLL QUESTION 2

Which typology is **MOST** dominant in your organizational culture?

- Collaborate Culture
- Create Culture
- Control Culture
- Compete Culture

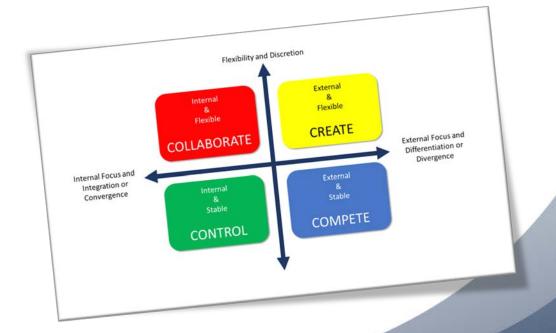


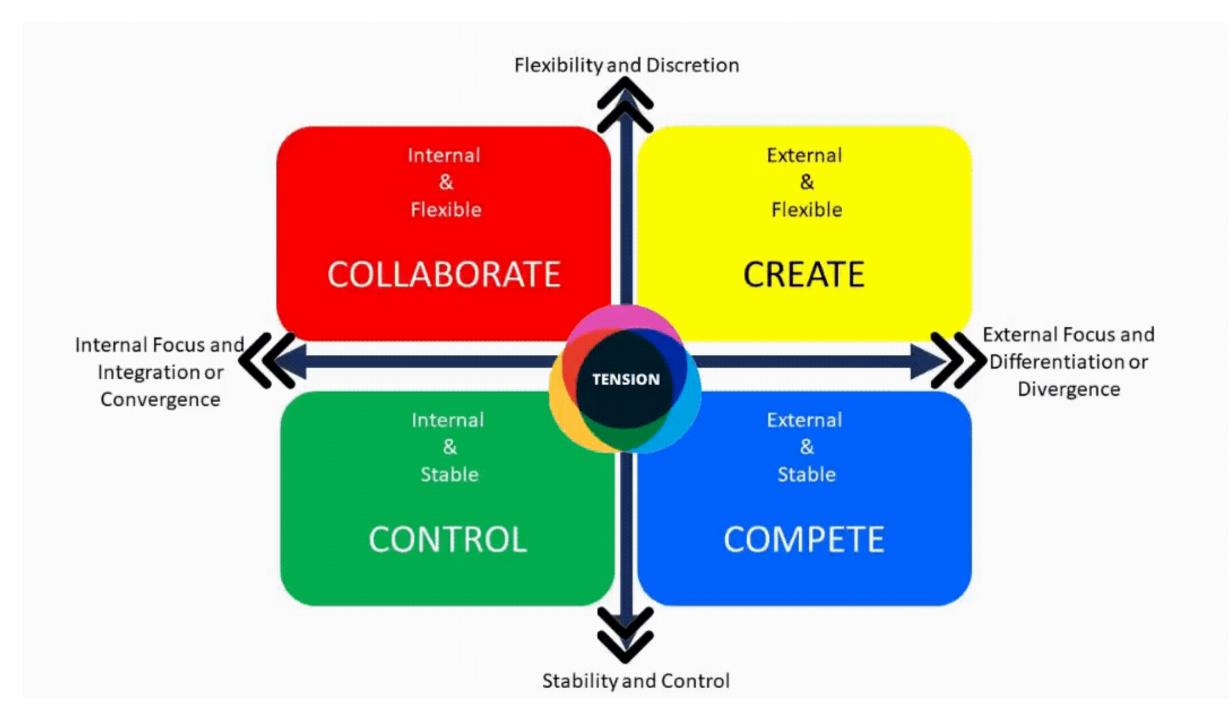


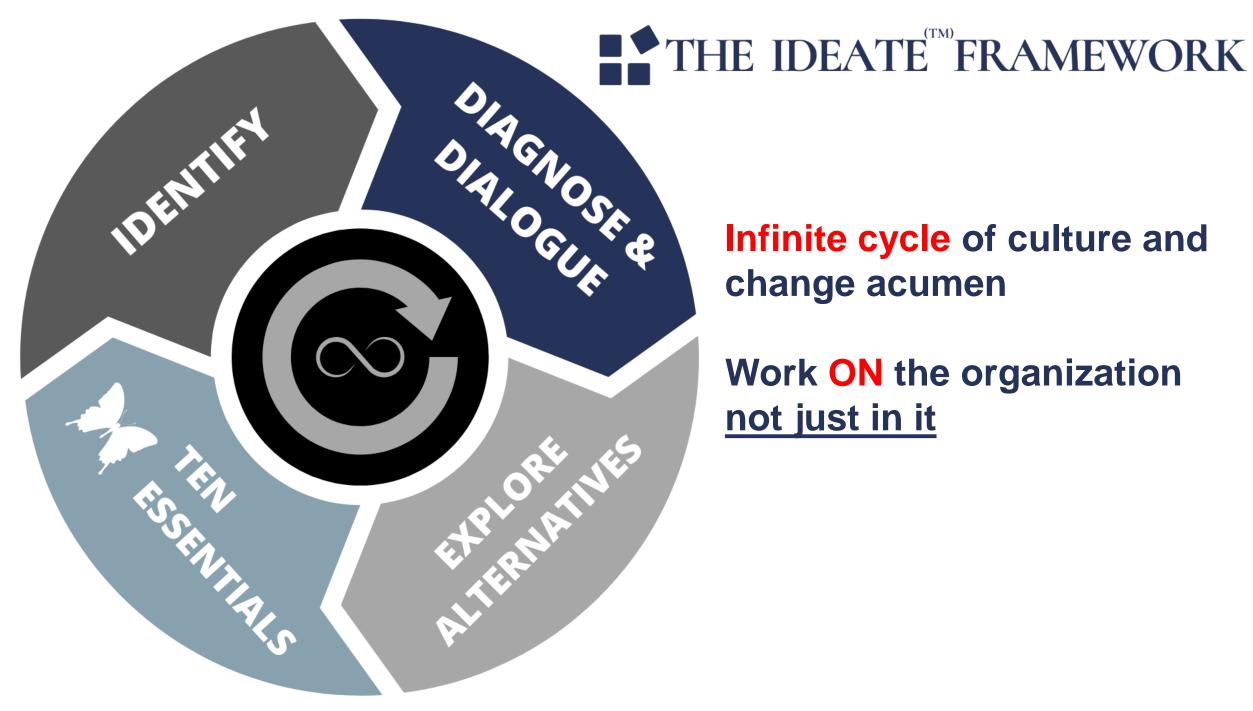
POLL QUESTION 3

Which typology is **LEAST** dominant in your organizational culture?

- Collaborate Culture
- Create Culture
- Control Culture
- Compete Culture







Infinite cycle of culture and change acumen

Work ON the organization not just in it



IDENTIFY THE CULTURE

using the Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument (OCAI)

DIAGNOSE & DIALOGUE DEEPLY

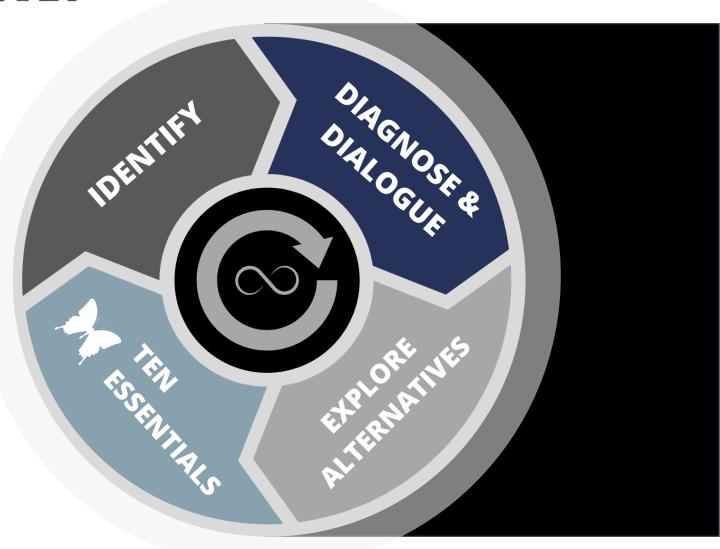
deep and pervasive dialogue to validate and plan around OCAI results

EXPLORE ALTERNATIVES

to current culture using the Embrace/Avoid Tools and Emergenetics ©

TEN ESSENTIALS

Principles of Implementation Leadership









Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument (OCAI)



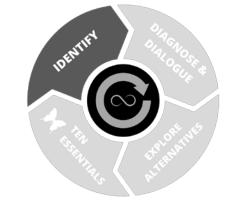
ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT (OCAI)

- Developed by Kim Cameron and Robert Quinn at the University of Michigan, is a validated research method to assess organizational culture.
- Based directly on the Competing Values Framework by (Quinn & Rohrbaugh, 1981).
- Measures current and desired culture
- Easy to use, score, interpret with consultant or expert
- Widely used internationally



6 DOMAINS OF THE OCAL ORGANIZATIONAL DOMAINS

- 1. Dominant Characteristics
- 2. Organizational Leadership
- 3. Management of Employees
- 4. Organization Glue
- 5. Strategic Emphases
- 6. Criteria of Success



BASIC SCORING METHOD

1. Dominant Characteristics (divide 100 points among these four statements according to how you view your organization. Write numbers in the boxes.)

A. The organization is a very personal place. It is like one big family. People seem to share a lot of themselves.	25
B. The organization is a very dynamic and innovative place. People are willing to stick their necks out and take risks.	15
C. The organization is very results-oriented. A major concern is with getting the job done. People are very competitive and achievement oriented.	30
D. The organization is a very controlled and structured place. Formal rules and procedures generally govern what people do.	30



IDENTIFY THE CULTURE

using the Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument (OCAI)

DIAGNOSE & DIALOGUE DEEPLY

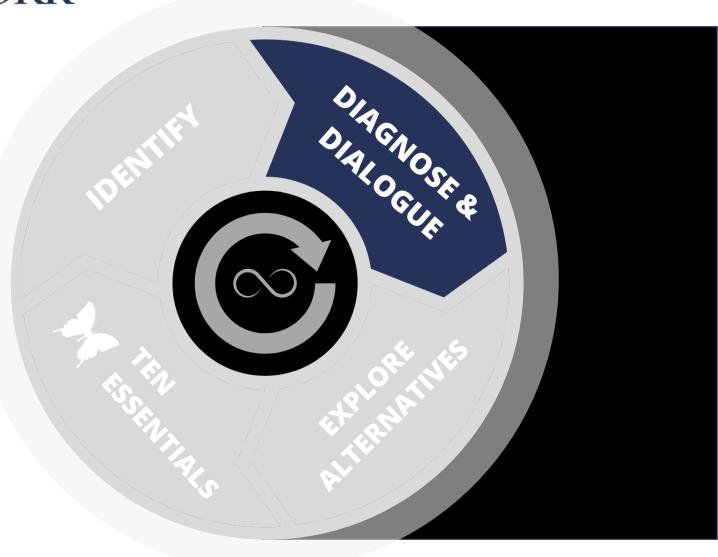
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ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE

PREMISE #1

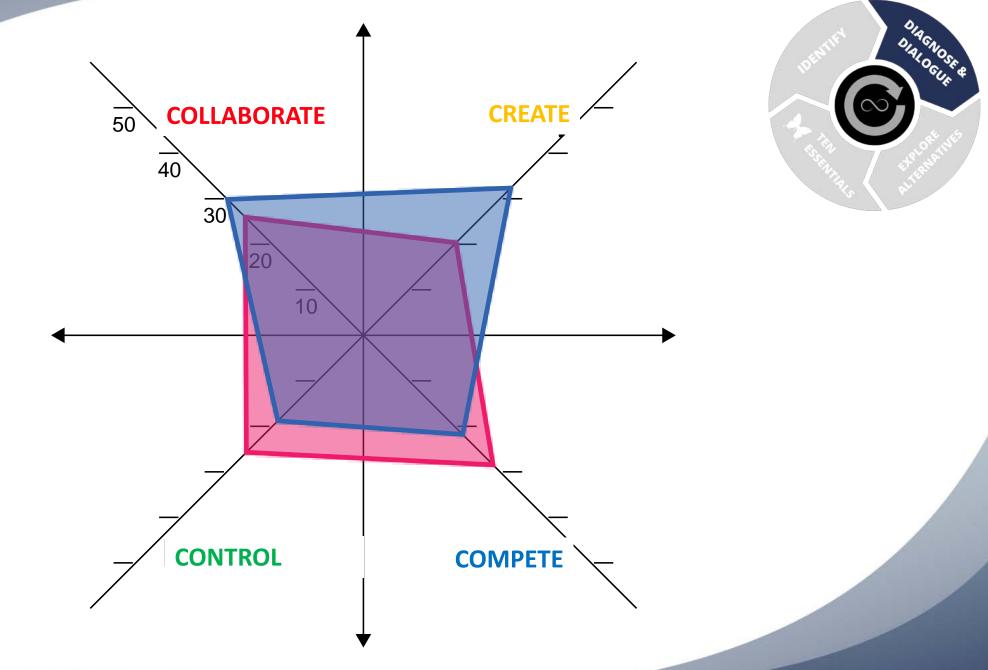
There is very rarely a single culture that describes an organization.

There is no "right" culture – but there is one that fits your business and purpose.

All types within the OCAI have value and great organizations can be agile within the full spectra of culture.



Agility is the key to culture change



THE CREATE PROFILE

[EXTERNALLY FOCUSED & FLEXIBLE]

Ad Hoc – specialized, dynamic & maybe temporary

Innovative and transformation-minded

Idea-minded and creative (e.g. adaptive leadership)

Focus on the future

Held together by vision

Love to experiment (members are idea generators)

Welcome diversity of thought

Focus on agility (versus speed) with high readiness for change (e.g. pitching a tent vs building a palace)

Invite risks and dynamic approaches

Search for variation and departure from the norm (outside the box is a good thing)

The leaders are the inspiration, idea-people and champions for change

"The best way to kill an idea is to develop a policy and procedure"





THE CONTROL PROFILE

[INTERNALLY FOCUSED & STABLE]

Held together by capable process and logistics such as documentation and procedures (e.g. technical leadership)

Controlled and structured where members conform

Centralized decision-making

Metrics and measurement-minded, especially quality (fidelity)

Risks shouldn't be taken in order to minimize loss (failure is not an option)

Welcome predictability & rigorously tested methods

High value on efficiency, consistency and uniformity

Have to get it right (errors are not tolerated)

Innovation is achieved only incrementally

Eliminate variation in order to protect the norm (work to stay inside the box)

The leader is the coordinator, organizer, and monitor

"There is a right way and a wrong way"





THE COMPETE PROFILE

[EXTERNALLY FOCUSED & STABLE]

Athletic approach to work (e.g. defeat others, be winners) – HUSTLE!

Focus on speed and short-term wins

External environment (market) is hostile and not benign

Quick to get to solutions

Stretch targets

Focus on market share and market penetration

High value on productivity where members are the producers

Customer focused and meeting stakeholder expectations

Prioritize achievement and the bottom line

Leadership are hard drivers, hard workers, directors and model the aggressive mindset

"Its better to aim high and miss the mark than to aim low and hit it"





THE COLLABORATE PROFILE

[INTERNALLY FOCUSED & FLEXIBLE]

Community-minded (individuals are part of a collective) - egalitarian

A sense of "we" – and customers are partners

Organization is less an economic entity and moreso an extended family – people share a lot themselves

Held together by human development, human relations, and personal growth

Cohesive and morale-driven with a focus on employee engagement/satisfaction

Held together by shared human values to include loyalty, trust, commitment, tradition, & participation

Slower moving due to a need to get consensus

High values of communication and cooperation

The leader is the connector, mentor, team builder and inclusive collaborator

Management empowers people to make decisions

"Handshakes are more powerful than contracts"







DEEP AND PERVASIVE <u>DIALOGUE</u> PRO TIPS

- Use implementation team or change circles
- Design your team/circle with cognitively diverse people
- Dialogue is a process, discussion is an event.
- Use an ongoing process not a single event.
- Turning the abstract into the concrete with deep and pervasive dialogue
- Validate OCAI results by connecting the profile to specific practices and habits of the organization



IDENTIFY THE CULTURE

using the Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument (OCAI)

DIAGNOSE & DIALOGUE DEEPLY

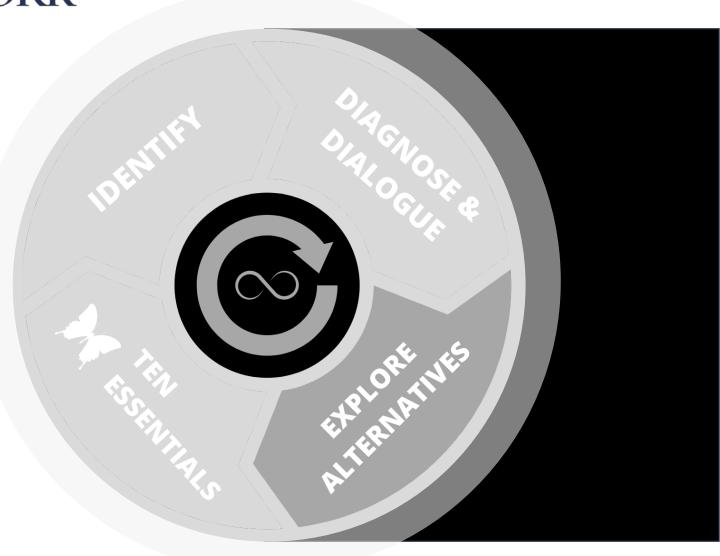
deep and pervasive dialogue to validate and plan around OCAI results

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to current culture using the Embrace/Avoid Tools and Emergenetics ©

TEN ESSENTIALS

Principles of Implementation Leadership







4-PART SUITE OF TOOLS

- Part I The OCAI (Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument)
- Part II Tension Mapping (Dialogue Tool)
- Part III Embrace and Avoid (Dialogue and Planning Tools)
- Part IV Emergenetics © Personal Neuro-Leadership Assessment

CHANGING ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE

PREMISE #2

There is no panacea or evidencebased model for culture change

Culture is not a technical phenomenon; therefore change cannot be approached technocratically – There is no checklist to changing culture

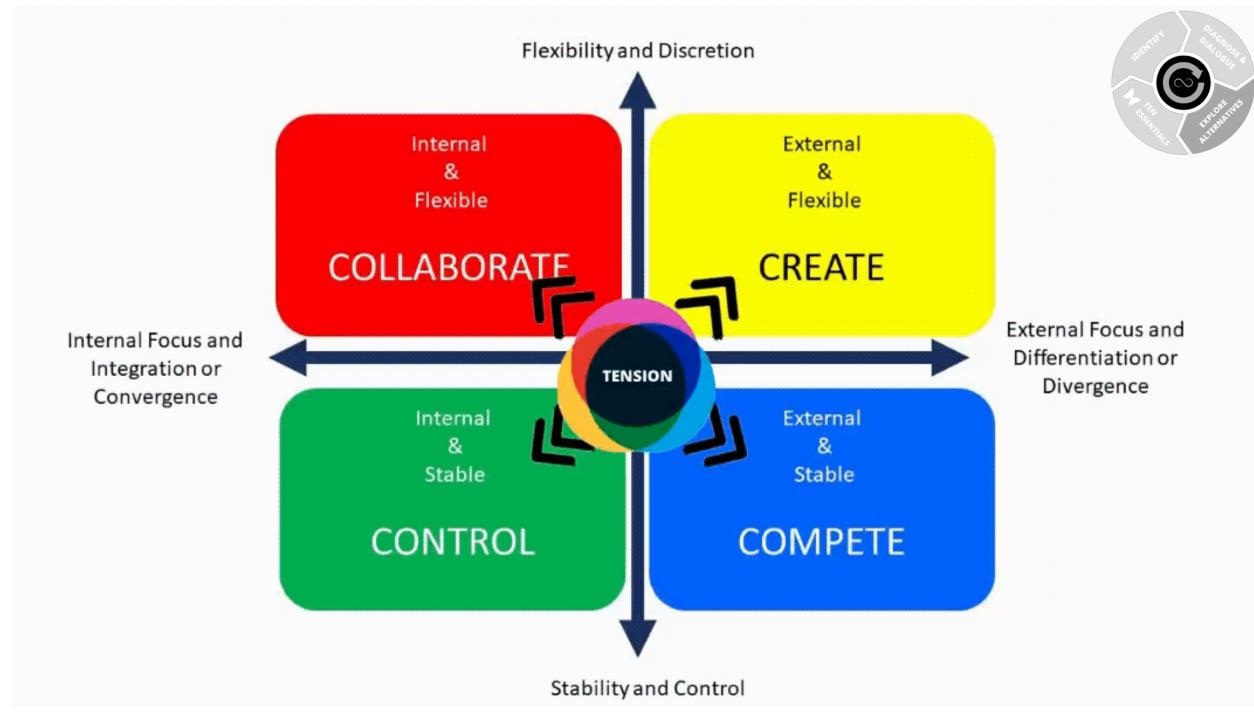
"If you are not confused about culture change, you are likely not paying attention"







TENSION MAPPING The Embrace/Avoid Tools



COLLABORATE (CLAN)



	Community-minded (individuals are part of a collective) - egalitarian	□ 1	Athletic approach to work (e.g. defeat others, be winners) – HUSTLE!
	A sense of "we" – and customers are partners		Focus on speed and short-term wins
	Organization is less an economic entity and moreso an extended family – people share a lot themselves		External environment (market) is hostile and not benign
П	Held together by human development, human rela-		Quick to get to solutions
	tions, and personal growth		Stretch targets
	Cohesive and morale-driven with a focus on employee		Focus on market share and market penetration
	engagement/satisfaction		High value on productivity where members are the pro-
	Held together by shared human yeldes to include loyal-		ducers
	ty, trust, commitment, tradition, & participation		Customer focused and meeting stakeholder expecta-
	Slower moving due to a need to get consensus		tions
	High values of communication and cooperation		Prioritize achievement and the bottom line
	The leader is the connector, mentor, team builder and inclusive collaborator		Leadership are hard drivers, hard workers, directors and model the aggressive mindset
	Management empowers people to make decisions		"Its better to aim high and miss the mark than to aim low and hit it"
	"Handshakes are more powerful than contracts"		



COMPETE (MARKET)

CONTROL (HEIRARCHY)





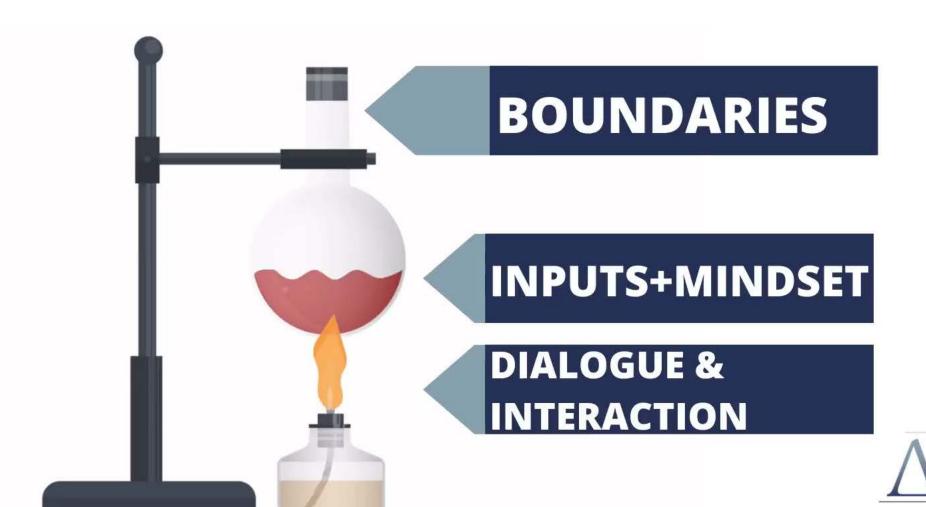
Held together by capable process and logistics such as documentation and procedures (e.g. technical leader-		Ad Hoc – specialized, dynamic & maybe temporary
ship)		Innovative and transformation-minded
Controlled and structured where members conform		Idea-minded and creative (e.g. adaptive leadership)
Centralized decision-making		Focus on the future
Metrics and measurement-minded, especially quality		Hold together by vision
(fidelity)		Love to experiment (men ers are idea generators)
Risks shouldn't be taken in order to minimize loss (failure is not an option)	-5	Welcome diversity of thought
Welcome predictability & rigorously tested methods		Focus on agility (versus speed) with high readiness for change (e.g. pitching a tent vs building a palace)
High value on efficiency, consistency and uniformity		Invite risks and dynamic approaches
Have to get it right (errors ar not toler ated)		Search for variation and departure from the norm
Innovation is achieved only incrementally		(outside the box is a good thing)
Eliminate variation in order to protect the norm (work to stay inside the box)		The leaders are the inspiration, idea-people and champions for change $$
The leader is the coordinator, organizer, and monitor		"The best way to kill an idea is to develop a policy and procedure"



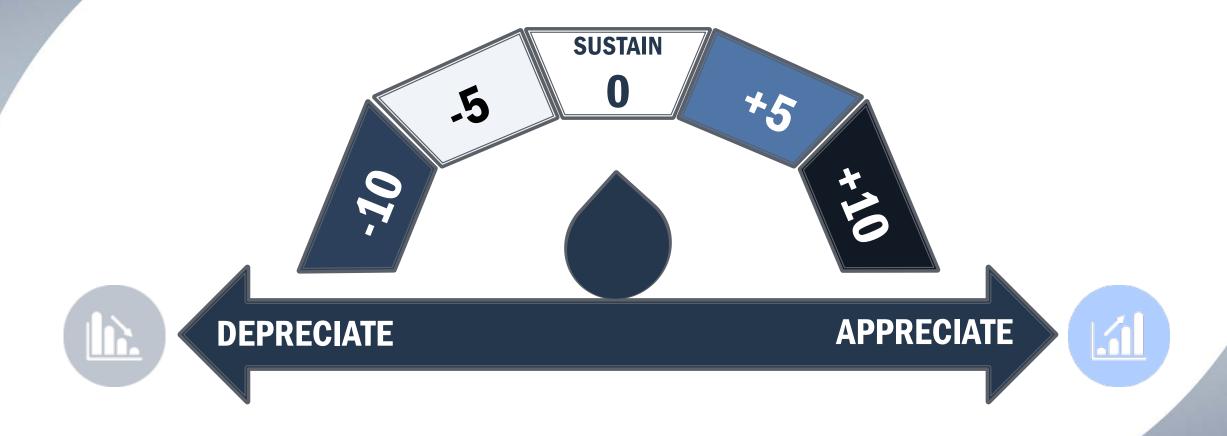
☐ "There is a right way and a wrong way"

CREATE (ADHOCRACY)

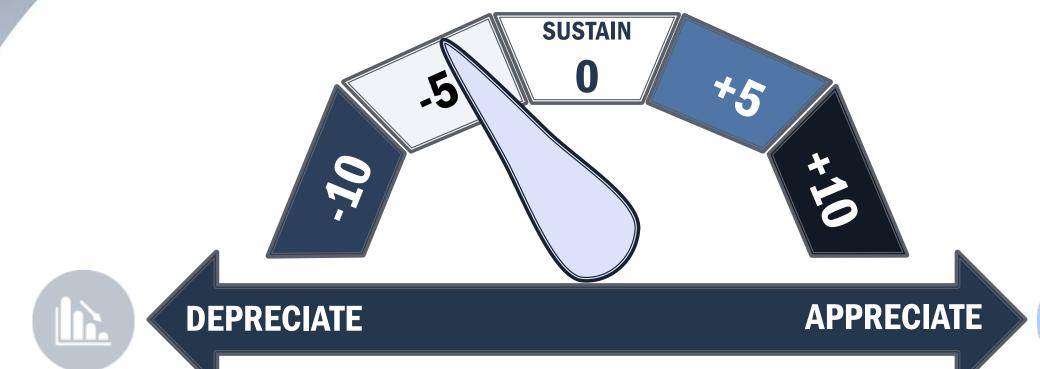
ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE CHANGE AS CHEMISTRY





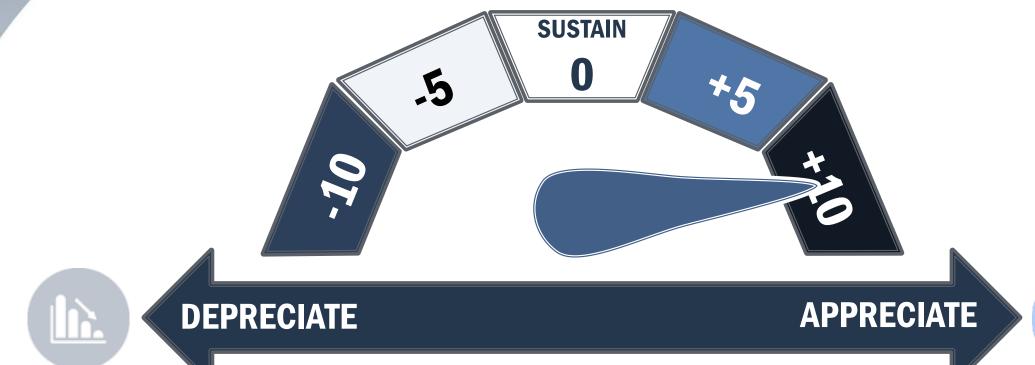
















Exploring Alternatives Tools

EMBRACE

- The MINDSET that maximizes the desired cultural typology (values, beliefs, attitudes)
- The HABITS that maximize the desired cultural typology
- Your KEY INGREDIENTS for cultural change

AVOID

- The MINDSET that works against or inhibit the desired cultural typology (values, beliefs, attitudes)
- The HABITS that that work against or inhibit the desired cultural typology
- Might be things you have to STOP DOING so often





Evaluate Alternatives to Culture EMBRACE AND AVOID—Part II

COLLABORATE (CLAN) CULTURE



CULTURE

EMBRACE: What does this need to look like?

- · Survey and meet employee needs
- Promote teamwork and participation by
- Support & recognize team oriented people by
- Foster better morale through empowerment
- · Create higher levels of trust by
- Express more obvious concern for people by
- Ongoing dialogue with others about
- · Hire and advance people with the values of
- Mentor people toward connection & cohesion
- Other

⇒ Athletic approach to work (e.g. defeat others, be winners) –

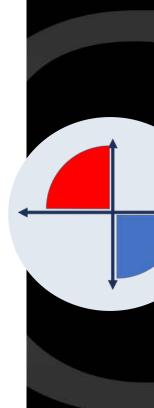
AVOID: What mindset & habits work against this

culture? (Use the MARKET CULTURE profile to

find attributes that compete against CLAN

- ⇒ Focus on speed and short-term wins
- ⇒ External environment (market) is hostile and not benign
- ⇒ Quick to get to solutions
- ⇒ Stretch targets
- ⇒ Focus on market share and market penetration
- ⇒ High value on productivity where members are the producers
- ⇒ Customer focused and meeting stakeholder expectations
- ⇒ Prioritize achievement and the bottom line
- ⇒ Leadership are hard drivers, hard workers, directors and model









Evaluate Alternatives to Culture EMBRACE AND AVOID—Part II

COMPETE (MARKET) CULTURE



EMBRACE: What does this need to look like?

 Decentralize performance measures by Continuous external motivation of people by Adapt to market needs by Encourage "Hustle" and achievement by Stretch our targets by Establish large-scale domination by

Hire and advance people with the values of

· Lead others toward productivity by

AVOID: What mindset & habits work against this culture? (Use the CLAN CULTURE profile to find attributes that compete against MARKET CULTURE

- ⇒ Community-minded (individuals are part of a collective) -
- ⇒ A sense of "we" and customers are partners
- ⇒ Organization is less an economic entity and moreso an extended family - people share a lot themselves
- ⇒ Held together by human development, human relations, and
- ⇒ Cohesive and morale-driven with a focus on employee engagement/satisfaction
- ⇒ Held together by shared human values to include loyalty, trust, commitment, tradition, & participation
- ⇒ Slower moving due to a need to get consensus
- ⇒ High values of communication and cooperation
- ⇒ The leader is the connector, mentor, team builder and inclusive collaborator





Evaluate Alternatives to Culture EMBRACE AND AVOID—Part II

CREATE (ADHOCRACY) CULTURE



EMBRACE: What does this need to look like?

- · Encourage and celebrate healthy risk-taking and entrepreneurship by
- Create an imaginative vision & future focus by
- Facilitate ongoing readiness-for-change by
- Encourage new transformative ideas among staff by
- Experiment with the following innovative ideas
- · Create space for ongoing experimentation and "departure from the norm" by
- · Hire and advance people with the skills and values of
- · Lead others toward inspirational ideas by
- Other

AVOID: What mindset & habits work against this culture? (Use the CONTROL (HEIRARCHY) profile to find attributes that compete against CREATE (ADHOCRACY) CULTURE

- ⇒ Held together by capable process and logistics such as documentation and procedures (e.g. technical leadership)
- ⇒ Controlled and structured where members conform
- ⇒ Centralized decision-making
- ⇒ Metrics and measurement-minded, especially quality (fidelity)
- ⇒ Risks shouldn't be taken in order to minimize loss (failure is not
- ⇒ Welcome predictability & rigorously tested methods
- ⇒ High value on efficiency, consistency and uniformity
- ⇒ Have to get it right (errors are not tolerated)
- ⇒ Innovation is achieved only incrementally
- ⇒ Eliminate variation in order to protect the norm (work to stay
- ⇒ The leader is the coordinator, organizer, and monitor









Evaluate Alternatives to Culture EMBRACE AND AVOID—Part II

CONTROL (HEIRARCHY) CULTURE



EMBRACE: What does this need to look like?

- Centralize more decision-making by
- Develop rigorous quality and fidelity metrics for the following processes
- Develop rigorous quality and fidelity standards for the following processes
- Codify clear policies and procedures by
- Eliminate critical errors and avoid risks by
- Eliminate variation in products & services by
- Hire and advance people with the technical skills and values of
- Lead and monitor others toward logistical efficiency by
- Other

AVOID: What mindset & habits work against this culture? (Use the ADHOCRACY CULTURE profile to find attributes that compete against **CONTROL (HEIRARCHY) CULTURE**

- ⇒ Ad Hoc specialized, dynamic & maybe temporary
- ⇒ Innovative and transformation-minded
- Idea-minded and creative (e.g. adaptive leadership)
- ⇒ Focus on the future
- ⇒ Held together by vision
- ⇒ Love to experiment (members are idea generators)
- ⇒ Welcome diversity of thought
- ⇒ Focus on agility (versus speed) with high readiness for change (e.g. pitching a tent vs building a palace)
- ⇒ Invite risks and dynamic approaches
- Search for variation and departure from the norm (outside the box is a good thing)
- ⇒ The leaders are the inspiration, idea-people and champions for changeManagement empowers people to make decisions

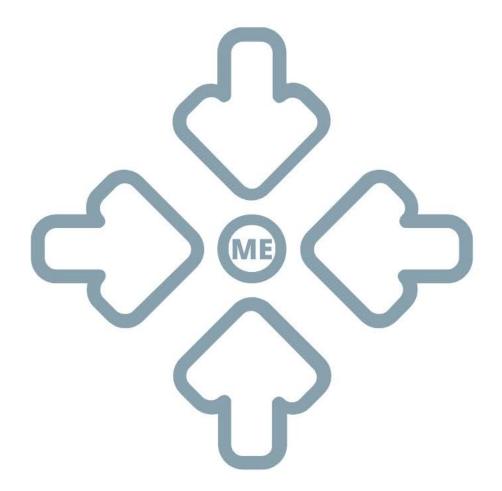


Neuro-Leadership and Culture Change

Cognitive Collaboration and Emergenetics © Assessment

GOLDEN RULE

TREAT OTHERS THE WAY I WANT TO BE TREATED

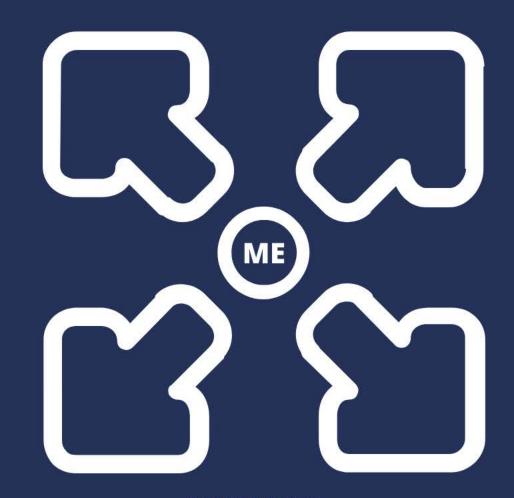


COLLABORATE:

EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW HOW I THINK
EVERYONE UNDERSTANDS ME

PLATINUM RULE

TREAT OTHERS THE WAY <u>THEY</u> WANT TO BE TREATED



COLLABORATE:

I SHOULD KNOW HOW OTHERS THINK
I UNDERSTAND EVERYONE WHO UNDERSTANDS EACH OTHER



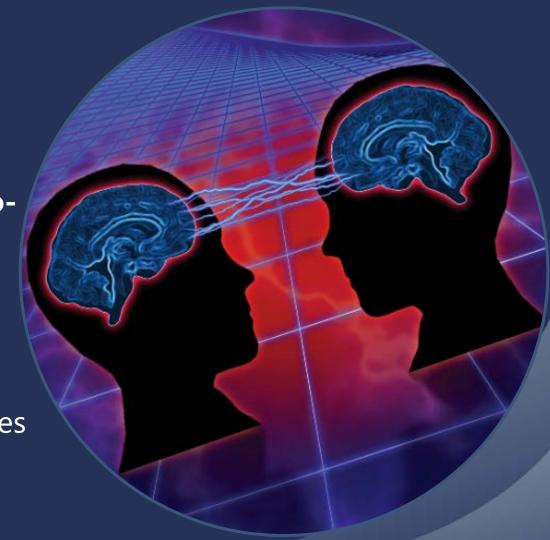
Cognitive Collaboration

• Collaborate in the brain, not the boardroom

 Create, design, execute, improve, innovate with others but based on our <u>differences</u> in neurohabits and preferences

A different brain + another different brain = a
 smarter brain

• Think of others needs, objectives, and challenges (outward mindset approach)





EMERGENETICS



(emerge • genetics)

Patterns of thinking and behaving that emerge from your genetic blueprint and life experiences.

ANALYTICAL PREFERENCES

An expressed interest in logic, data, and understanding the reasoning behind things.

CONCEPTUAL PREFERENCES

An expressed interest in the big-picture, visioning and new ideas.



BROWNING'S/ WILLIAMS' RESEARCH

STRUCTURE PREFERENCES

An expressed interest in process and following rules and guidelines.

EXPRESSIVENESS

Ranging from quiet and reserved to outgoing and gregarious.

SOCIAL PREFERENCES

An expressed interest in people and relationships.

FLEXIBILITY

Ranging from focused and firm to accommodating and easy going.

ASSERTIVENESS

THREE WAYS OF BEHA

LOUR WAYS OF THINKING

Ranging from peacekeeping and accepting to competitive and driven.

BROWNING'S/ WILLIAMS' RESEARCH /



ANALYTICAL

Clear thinker Logical problem solver Rational

STRUCTURAL

Practical thinker Likes guidelines Predictable

SOCIAL

CONCEPTUAL

Imaginative

Visionary

Intuitive about people Socially aware Relational

Intuitive about ideas

EXPRESSIVENESS

The outward display of emotions toward others and the world at large

ASSERTIVENESS

The style and pace with which you advance thoughts, feelings, and beliefs

FLEXIBILITY

Willingness to accommodate the thoughts and actions of others

EMERGENETICS" | PROFILE

GLENN TAPIA - JULY 31, 2015 HOW YOU THINK: PERCENTAGES

NALYTICAL = 26%

Clear thinker

Logical problem solver Data driven

Leams by mental analysis

Cautious of new ideas Predictable Leams by doing

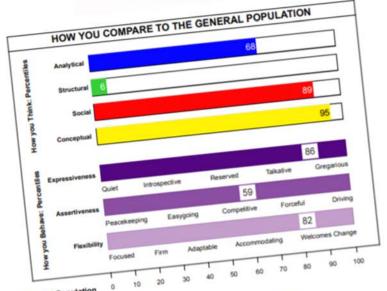
TRUCTURAL = 2% Practical thinker Likes guidelines

CONCEPTUAL = 37%

- Imaginative
- Intuitive about ideas
- Visionary
- Enjoys the unusual
- Learns by experimenting

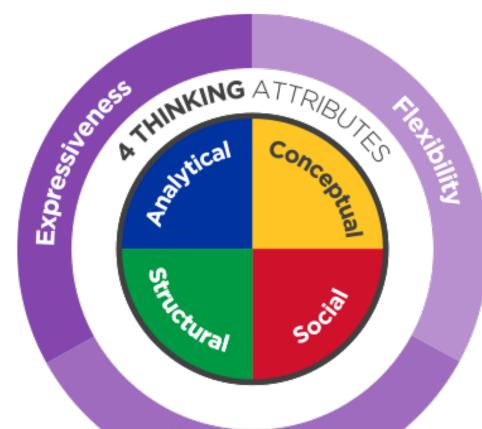
SOCIAL = 34%

- Relational
- Intuitive about people
- · Socially aware
- Empathic
- Learns from others



General Population Emergenesics, LLC, 1991, 2019 Gell Browning, Ph.D. / Wendell Williams, Ph.D.





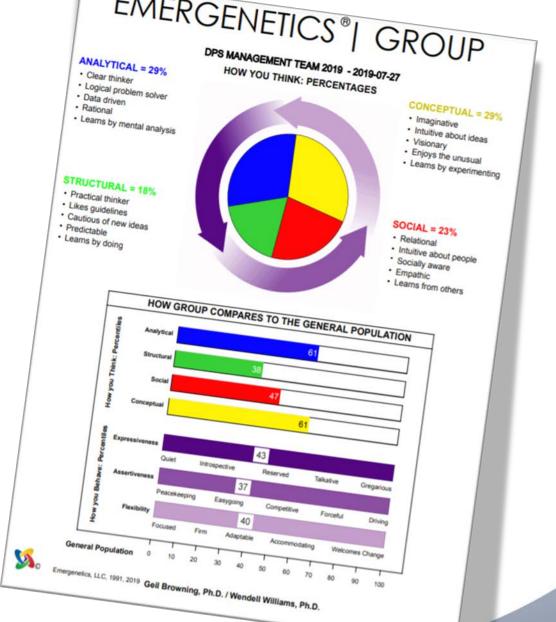
Assertiveness ASSERVICES













ANALYTICAL



- Clear thinker
- Logical problem solver
- Data driven
- Rational
- Learns by mental analysis



STRUCTURAL



- Practical
- Predictable
- Enjoys directions
- Makes and follows plans carefully
- Likes closure



SOCIAL



- Enjoys helping others
- Emotional
- Relational
- Intuitive about people
- Likes working with and through others



CONCEPTUAL



- Imaginative
- Intuitive about ideas
- Visionary
- Enjoys the unusual
- Learns by experimenting

COGNITIVE DIVERSITY ON TEAMS



The ANALYTICAL Brain

What does the research say?

Let's do a cost/benefit analysis!



Let's brainstorm new innovations to solve this?

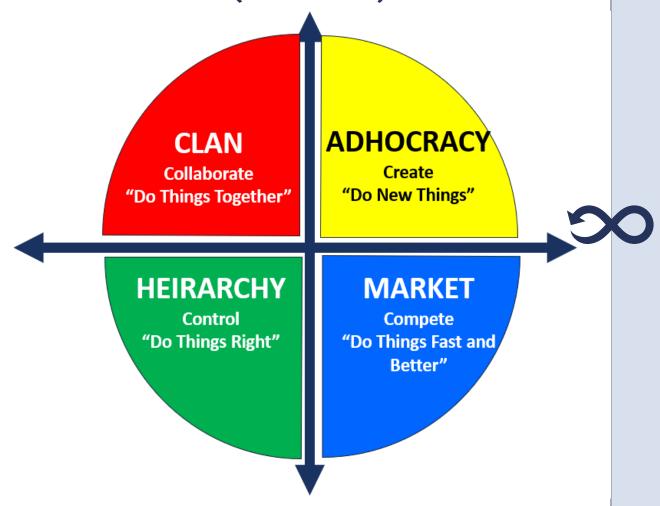
Let's draw up a model!



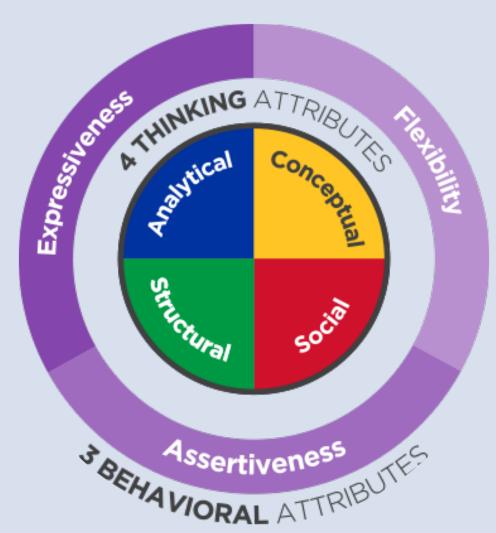
The STRUCTURAL Brain
What's the process and timeline?
The devil is in the details!

The SOCIAL Brain
Who should be on the team?
How will this impact our clients?

Organizational Culture (OCAI)



Neuro Leadership (Emergenetics ©)



Quick Tips for Cognitive Collaboration

- Assess your team with Emergenetics © personal assessment and related training called "Meeting of the Minds."
- Design your culture change teams based on Emergenetics © profile differences among members.
- Try to think like the OTHER people think and understand their point of view from their cognitive preferences.
- Ask for the same in return from others.
- Develop and rehearse cognitive collaboration skills.



IDENTIFY THE CULTURE

using the Organizational Culture Assessment Instrument (OCAI)

DIAGNOSE & DIALOGUE DEEPLY

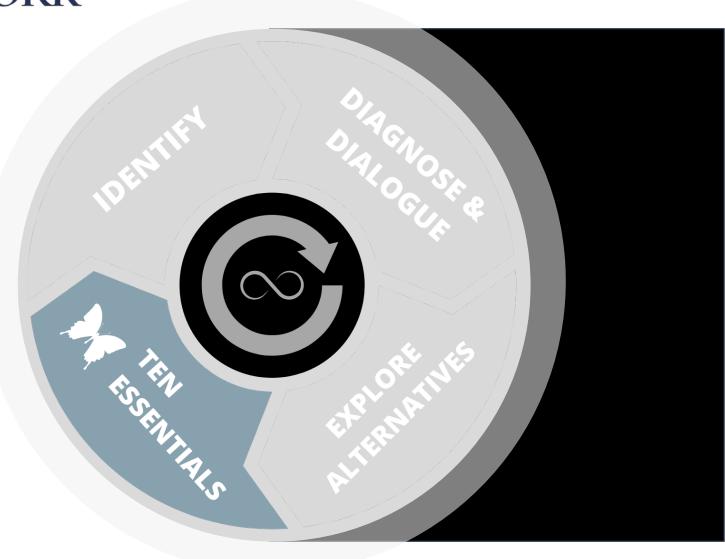
deep and pervasive dialogue to validate and plan around OCAI results

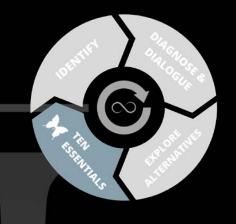
EXPLORE ALTERNATIVES

to current culture using the Embrace/Avoid Tools and Emergenetics ©

TEN ESSENTIALS

Principles of Implementation Leadership





IMPLEMENTATION LEADERSHIP

THE TEN ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLES FOR ORGANIZATIONAL INTELLIGENCE







TRUST THE VISION

Leadership mindset is contagious

Relentless Optimism and Brightening the Goal

Uncertainty is not fear

Good is the enemy of great

Foresight is 20/20



MURPHY HATES US

What can go wrong, will go wrong

Accept Murphy for who he is—this helps lessen frustration and increase adaptability

Strong leaders build Murphy problems into their implementation strategies



COMFORTABLE

BEING
UNCOMFORTABLE

Find comfort in chaos

There is no growth in the comfort zone

There is no comfort in the growth zone

Disequilibrium is the rule, not the exception

Get beyond the fear zone



04 ADAPT OR DIE

Diagnose the challenge first

Discern between symptoms and problems

Discern between technical and adaptive problems

Match the solution/problem types



FAIL FORWARD FAIL OFTEN

Failure is a virtue, perfection is a vice

Progress, not Perfection

Embrace trial and error

Build failure into plans

Go from failure to failure without loss of enthusiasm







06 CULTURE IS KING

All strategy is downstream from organizational culture

Identify & diagnose the culture or become its victim

Change culture by changing inputs, mindset, dialogue and interaction



1 LEAD THE HEARTS LEAD THE MINDS

Lead the mindset, don't govern the behavior

People need the WHY before the WHAT & HOW

Build and maintain the interpersonal savings account

Compliance is not adherence



8 BE NTENTIONALLY INFINITE

Growth mindset, rather than fixed mindset

Implementation is neither a marathon nor a sprint

Flexible plays, agile players

Play the Infinite Game



09 TAKE THE LEAP

Guard against analysis paralysis

Courage is fear with a trusted plan that you're willing to fail and learn from

Imagine rather than worrying



10 SAVOR THE JOURNEY

Trials contribute to the greater body of knowledge and good

Don't let ambition overshadow small success

Create better leaders, not better followers



If you neglect to diagnose and fully understand your organizational culture, you will become its victim.

All implementation and all strategy is downstream from culture.



Culture is King

WWW.ACJI.ORG | ACJINNOVATION@GMAIL.COM

CULTURE IS ALWAYS UPSTREAM FROM STRATEGY

	Collaborate	Create	Compete	Control
Competency	0.3152*	0.2379*	-0.0989	-0.3338*
Leadership	0.2706*	0.1998*	-0.0192	-0.3288*
Organization	0.3149*	0.2620*	-0.0673	-0.377*

* Indicates a statistically significant correlation

	Collaborate	Create	Compete	Control
Staff Selection	0.3060*	0.2026*	-0.1981*	-0.2833*
Training	0.2084*	0.1872	-0.0189	-0.2799*
Coaching	0.3188*	0.1969*	-0.0962	-0.3135*
Tech Leadership	0.2105*	0.1735	-0.1087	-0.2153*
Adaptive Leadership	0.2606*	0.1797	0.0037	-0.3316*
System Intervention	0.2421*	0.3234*	0.0039	-0.4000*
Facilitative Admin	0.3039*	0.2011*	-0.0588	-0.3292*
Dec Data Support	0.2534*	0.2608*	-0.1408	-0.3156*



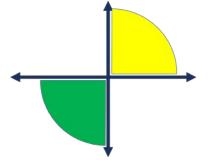
CLASH OF THE CULTURES

CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM CULTURE

- Risk Aversion
- Stability
- Control, Order, Structure
- Conform to rules and policies
- Deviance from the norm is unjust

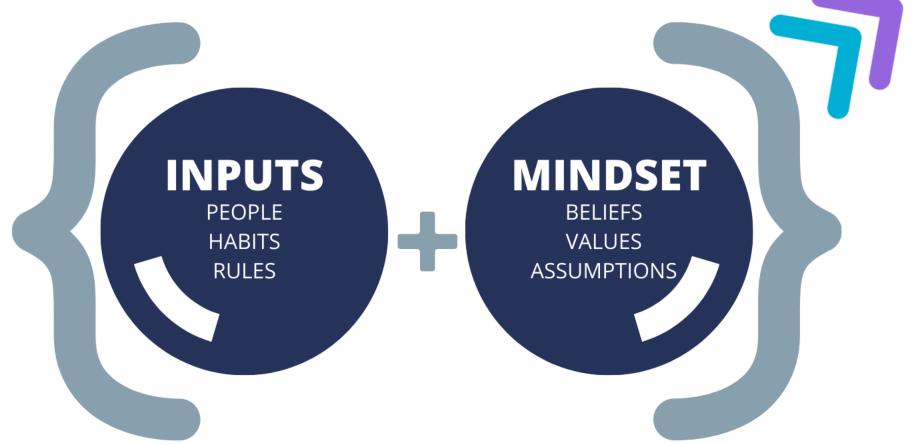
CHANGE CULTURE

- Risk Invitation (Entrepreneurship)
- Innovation (Instability)
- Experimentation, Trial, Error
- Diverge from status quo
- Deviance from the norm is necessary



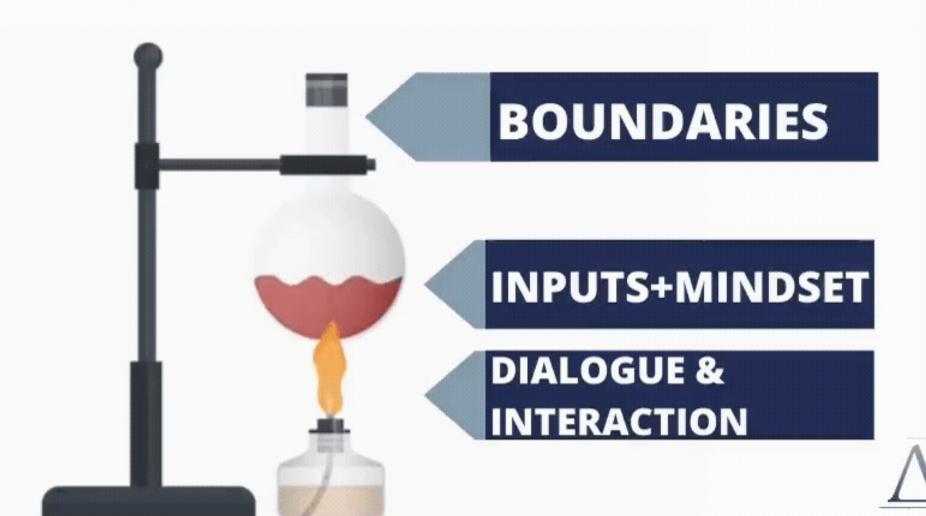
ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE AS AN EQUATION







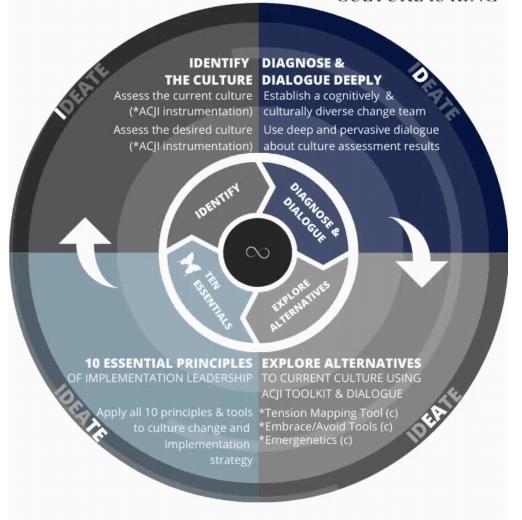
ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE CHANGE AS CHEMISTRY







CULTURE IS KING



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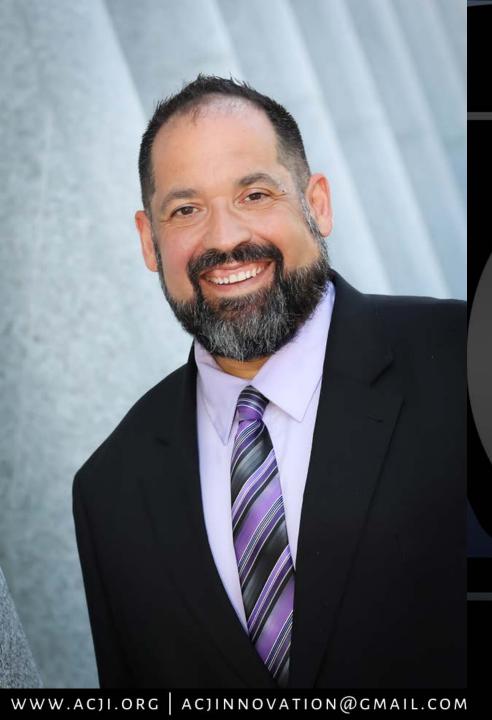




We can do powerful things in the criminal justice system once we choose a higher commitment to excellence... and then abandon our commitment to our individual and organizational boundaries of comfort. We must be more loyal to the change than we are committed to our own comfort zone.







GRATITUDE



Glenn A. Tapia

Director of Leadership & Organizational Intelligence

303.638.8144 | glenn@acji.org